UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

×	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTIO	N 13 OR 15(d) OF THE S	SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
	For the quar	terly period ended Decem	aber 31, 2022	
		or		
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTIO	N 13 OR 15(d) OF THE S	SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
	For the transi	ition period from	to	
	Con	nmission File Number 0-4	057	
	PORTSM	OUTH SQUA	RE, INC.	
		of registrant as specified in		
	CALIFORNIA	<u> </u>	94-1674111	
	(State or other jurisdiction of Incorporation or organization)	_	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	
	•	r., Suite 200, Los Angeles, principal executive offices		
	(Registrant's	(310) 889-2500 telephone number, includin	ng area code)	
during	by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all rule preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that ments for the past 90 days.			
				ĭ Yes □ No
Regulat	by check mark whether the registrant has submitted el tion S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the pred			
files).				☑ Yes ☐ No
	by check mark whether the registrant is a large acceler ag growth company.	rated filer, an accelerated f	iler, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting	company or an
	Large accelerated filer □	Accel	erated filer	
	Non-accelerated filer ⊠	Small	er reporting company	
		Emerg	ging growth company	
	nerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the red financial accounting standards provided pursuant to So			g with any new
Indicate	by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company	y (as defined in Rule 12b-2	of the Act):	□ Yes 🏿 No
The nui	nber of shares outstanding of registrant's Common Stock	x, as of February 6, 2023 wa	as 734,187.	
Securiti	es registered pursuant to section 12(b) of the Act:			
	Title of each class NONE	Trading Symbol(s) NONE	Name of each exchange on which registered NONE	

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PART 1 FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 – Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

PORTSMOUTH SQUARE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

As of	December 31, 2022 (unaudited)		 June 30, 2022
ASSETS			
Investment in hotel, net	\$	32,650,000	\$ 31,230,000
Investment in marketable securities		302,000	541,000
Cash and cash equivalents		1,236,000	2,662,000
Restricted cash		4,784,000	6,226,000
Accounts receivable, net		324,000	377,000
Other assets, net		1,798,000	852,000
Deferred tax assets, net		7,911,000	 7,911,000
Total assets	\$	49,005,000	\$ 49,799,000
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	10,029,000	\$ 8,725,000
Accounts payable to related party		5,409,000	4,908,000
Due to securities broker		-	130,000
Related party notes payable		17,438,000	17,721,000
Mortgage notes payable, net		107,890,000	108,747,000
Total liabilities		140,766,000	140,231,000
Shareholders' deficit:			
Common stock, no par value: Authorized shares - 750,000; 734,187 shares issued and			
outstanding shares as of December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively		2,092,000	2,092,000
Accumulated deficit		(93,853,000)	(92,524,000)
Total shareholders' deficit	_	(91,761,000)	(90,432,000)
		(>1,701,000)	(70,132,000)
Total liabilities and shareholders' deficit	\$	49,005,000	\$ 49,799,000

PORTSMOUTH SQUARE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

For the three months ended December 31,	2022		2021
Revenue - Hotel	\$ 9,892,000	\$	6,348,000
Costs and operating expenses			
Hotel operating expenses	(8,726,000)		(6,479,000)
Hotel depreciation and amortization expense	(635,000)		(514,000)
General and administrative expense	 (517,000)		(282,000)
Total costs and operating expenses	 (9,878,000)		(7,275,000)
Income (Loss) from operations	 14,000		(927,000)
Other income (expense)			
Interest expense - mortgage	(1,655,000)		(1,654,000)
Interest expense - related party	(429,000)		(303,000)
Net gain on marketable securities	107,000		1,467,000
Net loss on marketable securities - Comstock	-		(1,879,000)
Gain on debt extinguishment	-		2,000,000
Impairment loss on other investments	-		(20,000)
Dividend and interest income	6,000		30,000
Trading and margin interest expense	 (81,000)		(52,000)
Total other expense, net	 (2,052,000)		(411,000)
Loss before income taxes	(2,038,000)		(1,338,000)
Income tax benefit	 718,000		378,000
Net Loss	\$ (1,320,000)	\$	(960,000)
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ (1.80)	\$	(1.31)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic and diluted	 734,187		734,187

PORTSMOUTH SQUARE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

For the six months ended December 31,	2	2022		2021
Revenue - Hotel	\$	22,202,000	\$	13,153,000
Costs and operating expenses				
Hotel operating expenses		(18,032,000)		(12,812,000)
Hotel depreciation and amortization expense		(1,262,000)		(1,043,000)
General and administrative expense		(826,000)		(610,000)
Total costs and operating expenses		(20,120,000)		(14,465,000)
Income (Loss) from operations		2,082,000		(1,312,000)
Other income (expense)				
Interest expense - mortgage		(3,287,000)		(3,315,000)
Interest expense - related party		(859,000)		(540,000)
Net gain on marketable securities		97,000		1,199,000
Net loss on marketable securities - Comstock		-		(2,056,000)
Gain on debt extinguishment		-		2,000,000
Impairment loss on other investments		-		(20,000)
Dividend and interest income		32,000		64,000
Trading and margin interest expense		(115,000)		(108,000)
Total other expense, net		(4,132,000)		(2,776,000)
Loss before income taxes		(2,050,000)		(4,088,000)
Income tax benefit		721,000		1,153,000
Net Loss	<u>\$</u>	(1,329,000)	\$	(2,935,000)
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$	(1.81)	\$	(4.00)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding-basic and diluted		734,187		734,187

PORTSMOUTH SQUARE, INC CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT (Unaudited)

_	Common Stock Shares Amount			Tota Accumul Defici	ated SI	Total Shareholders' Deficit	
-	Shares		Amount	Defic		Deficit	
Balance at July 1, 2022	7	34,187 \$	2,092,000	\$ (92,	524,000) \$	(90,432,000)	
Net loss		<u> </u>	-		(9,000)	(9,000)	
Balance at September 30, 2022	7	34,187	2,092,000	(92,	533,000)	(90,441,000)	
Net loss		<u> </u>	_	(1,	320,000)	(1,320,000)	
Balance at December 31, 2022	7	34,187 \$	2,092,000	\$ (93,	853,000) \$	(91,761,000)	
	Comm Shares	non Stock Amount	Accumulated Deficit	Total Portsmouth Shareholders' Deficit	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Shareholders' Deficit	
Balance at July 1, 2021	734,187	\$2,092,000	\$ (84,960,000)	\$ (82,868,000)	\$ (655,000)) \$ (83,523,000)	
Net loss	-	-	(1,975,000)	(1,975,000)	-	(1,975,000)	
Purchase of Partnership interest	-	-	-	-	(344,000)	(344,000)	
Reclassify noncontrolling interest due to purchase of Partnership interest			(999,000)	(999,000)	999,000		
Balance at September 30, 2021	734,187	2,092,000	(87,934,000)	(85,842,000)	-	(85,842,000)	
Net loss			(960,000)	(960,000)	-	(960,000)	
Balance at December 31, 2021	734,187	\$2,092,000	\$ (88,894,000)	\$ (86,802,000)	<u> </u>	\$ (86,802,000)	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these (unaudi	ted) condens	sed consolida	ted financial states	ments.			

PORTSMOUTH SQUARE, INC. CONDENDSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

For the six months ended December 31,		2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net loss	\$	(1,329,000)	\$ (2,935,000)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		, , , ,	
Net unrealized gain on marketable securities		(234,000)	(1,283,000)
Gain on debt extinguishment		-	(2,000,000)
Deferred taxes		-	(1,153,000)
Impairment loss on other investments		-	20,000
Depreciation and amortization		1,262,000	1,043,000
Amortization of loan costs		122,000	147,000
Amortization of related party notes payable		(283,000)	(284,000)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			· ·
Investment in marketable securities		473,000	3,376,000
Accounts receivable		53,000	(24,000)
Other assets		(946,000)	(340,000)
Accounts payable and other liabilities		1,487,000	356,000
Accounts payable related party		501,000	555,000
Due to securities broker		(130,000)	(1,061,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		976,000	(3,583,000)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Payments for hotel furniture, equipment and building improvements		(2,682,000)	(1,264,000)
Investment in Partnership interest		(2,002,000)	(344,000)
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,682,000)	(1,608,000)
The cash asea in investing activities		(2,002,000)	(1,000,000)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from related party note payable		-	4,700,000
Issuance cost from refinance of related party loan		-	(50,000)
Payments of mortgage, finance leases and other notes payable, net		(1,162,000)	(1,169,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(1,162,000)	3,481,000
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		(2,868,000)	(1,710,000)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at the beginning of the period		8,888,000	8,532,000
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at the end of the period	\$	6,020,000	\$ 6,822,000
Complemental informations			
Supplemental information:	Ф	2 200 000	e 2.242.000
Interest paid	\$	3,288,000	\$ 3,343,000

PORTSMOUTH SQUARE, INC. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by Portsmouth Square, Inc. ("Portsmouth" or the "Company"), according to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the condensed consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the Company believes the disclosures that are made are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. Further, the condensed consolidated financial statements reflect, in the opinion of management, all adjustments (which included only normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair statement of the financial position, cash flows and results of operations as of and for the periods indicated. It is suggested that these financial statements be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements of Portsmouth and the notes therein included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2022 condensed consolidated balance sheet was derived from the consolidated balance sheet as included in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of our wholly owned subsidiaries. All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The results of operations for the six months ended December 31, 2022 are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Portsmouth's primary business was conducted through its general and limited partnership interest in Justice Investors Limited Partnership, a California limited partnership ("Justice" or the "Partnership"). Effective July 15, 2021, Portsmouth completed the purchase of 100% of the limited partnership interest of Justice through the acquisition of the remaining 0.7% non-controlling interest. Effective December 23, 2021, the Partnership was dissolved. The financial statements of Justice were consolidated with those of the Company.

Prior to its dissolution effective December 23, 2021, Justice owned and operated a 544-room hotel property located at 750 Kearny Street, San Francisco California, known as the Hilton San Francisco Financial District (the "Hotel") and related facilities including a five-level underground parking garage through its subsidiaries Justice Operating Company, LLC ("Operating") and Justice Mezzanine Company, LLC ("Mezzanine"). Mezzanine was a wholly owned subsidiary of the Partnership; Operating is a wholly owned subsidiary of Mezzanine. Effective December 23, 2021, Portsmouth replaced Justice as the single member of Mezzanine. Mezzanine is the borrower under certain mezzanine indebtedness of Justice, and in December 2013, the Partnership conveyed ownership of the Hotel to Operating. The Hotel is a full-service Hilton brand hotel pursuant to a Franchise License Agreement with HLT Franchise Holding LLC ("Hilton") through January 31, 2030.

Operating entered into a hotel management agreement ("HMA") with Aimbridge Hospitality ("Aimbridge") to manage the Hotel, along with its five-level parking garage, with an effective date of February 3, 2017. The term of the management agreement is for an initial period of ten years commencing on the February 3, 2017 date and automatically renews for successive one (1) year periods, not to exceed five years in the aggregate, subject to certain conditions. Under the terms on the HMA, base management fee payable to Aimbridge shall be one and seven-tenths percent (1.70%) of total Hotel revenue.

As of December 31, 2022, The InterGroup Corporation ("InterGroup"), a public company, owns approximately 75.6% of the outstanding common shares of Portsmouth and the Company's Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, John V. Winfield, owns approximately 2.5% of the outstanding common shares of the Company. Mr. Winfield also serves as the President, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of InterGroup and owns approximately 68% of the outstanding common shares of InterGroup as of December 31, 2022.

There have been no material changes to the Company's significant accounting policies during the six months ended December 31, 2022. Please refer to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2022 for a summary of the significant accounting policies. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current period presentation on the condensed consolidated balance sheet. Finance leases \$183,000 as of June 30, 2022, and accounts payable - Hotel of \$8,307,000 as of June 30, 2022, respectively, were reclassified to Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities. These reclassifications had no effect on the reported results of operations and financial position.

Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

As of December 31, 2022, management does not expect a material impact from recently issued accounting pronouncements yet to be adopted, on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 2 - LIQUIDITY

Historically, our cash flows have been primarily generated from our Hotel operations. However, the responses by federal, state, and local civil authorities to the COVID-19 pandemic continues to have a material detrimental impact on our liquidity. For the six months ended December 31, 2022, our net cash provided by operating activities was \$976,000. We have taken several steps to preserve capital and increase liquidity at our Hotel, including implementing strict cost management measures to eliminate non-essential expenses, renegotiating certain reoccurring expenses, and temporarily closing certain hotel services and outlets. As the hospitality and travel environment continues to recover, we will continue to evaluate what services we bring back. During the six months ended December 31, 2022, the Company continued to make capital improvements to the hotel in the amount of \$2,682,000 and anticipates continuing its guest room upgrade program during the remaining of fiscal year 2023.

The Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$1,236,000 and \$2,662,000 as of December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively. The Company had restricted cash of \$4,784,000 and \$6,226,000 as of December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively. The Company had marketable securities, net of margin due to securities brokers, of \$302,000 and \$411,000 as of December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively. These marketable securities are short-term investments and liquid in nature.

On December 16, 2020, Justice and InterGroup entered into a loan modification agreement which increased Justice's borrowing from InterGroup as needed up to \$10,000,000 and extended the maturity date of the loan to July 31, 2021. As of the date of this report, the maturity date was extended to July 31, 2023. On September 7, 2021, the Board of InterGroup passed resolution to provide funding to Portsmouth for the working capital of the Hotel up to \$16,000,000 if necessary. Upon the dissolution of Justice in December 2021, Portsmouth assumed Justice's note payable to InterGroup in the amount of \$11,350,000. On December 31, 2021, Portsmouth and InterGroup entered into a loan modification agreement which memorialized the increase to \$16,000,000 and the substitution of Portsmouth for Justice. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, InterGroup advanced \$7,550,000 to the Hotel, bringing the total amount due to InterGroup to \$14,200,000 as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2022. Currently, the Company does not anticipate any need for additional funding from InterGroup. As of December 31, 2022, the Company has not made any pay-downs to its note payable to InterGroup. The Company could amend its by-laws and increase the number of authorized shares to issue additional shares to raise capital in the public markets if needed.

The Company's known short-term liquidity requirements primarily consist of funds necessary to pay for operating and other expenditures, including management and franchise fees, corporate expenses, payroll and related costs, taxes, interest and principal payments on our outstanding indebtedness, and repairs and maintenance of the Hotel.

Our long-term liquidity requirements primarily consist of funds necessary to pay for scheduled debt maturities and capital improvements of the Hotel. We will continue to finance our business activities primarily with existing cash, including from the activities described above, and cash generated from our operations. After considering our approach to liquidity and accessing our available sources of cash, we believe that our cash position will be adequate to meet anticipated requirements for operating and other expenditures, including corporate expenses, payroll and related benefits, taxes and compliance costs and other commitments, for at least twelve months from the date of issuance of these financial statements, even if current levels of occupancy and revenue per occupied room ("RevPAR", calculated by multiplying the hotel's average daily room rate by its occupancy percentage) were to persist. The objectives of our cash management policy are to maintain existing leverage levels and the availability of liquidity, while minimizing operational costs. However, there can be no guarantee that management will be successful with its plan.

The following table provides a summary as of December 31, 2022, the Company's material financial obligations which also including interest payments:

		6 Months	Year	Year	Year	Year	
	Total	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Thereafter
Mortgage notes payable	\$108,135,000	\$ 895,000	\$107,240,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Related party notes payable	17,438,000	283,000	14,767,000	567,000	567,000	463,000	791,000
Interest	7,114,000	3,905,000	3,209,000	-	-	-	-
Total	\$132,687,000	\$5,083,000	\$125,216,000	\$567,000	\$567,000	\$463,000	\$ 791,000

NOTE 3 – REVENUE

The following table presents our revenues disaggregated by revenue streams.

For the three months ended December 31,	 2022	 2021	
Hotel revenues:	 		
Hotel rooms	\$ 8,251,000	\$ 5,218,000	
Food and beverage	625,000	296,000	
Garage	717,000	768,000	
Other operating departments	299,000	66,000	
Total hotel revenue	\$ 9,892,000	\$ 6,348,000	
For the six months ended December 31,	 2022	2021	
For the six months ended December 31, Hotel revenues:	 2022	2021	
,	\$ 19,054,000	\$ 10,780,000	
Hotel revenues:	\$ 	\$ 	
Hotel revenues: Hotel rooms	\$ 19,054,000	\$ 10,780,000	
Hotel revenues: Hotel rooms Food and beverage	\$ 19,054,000 1,160,000	\$ 10,780,000 562,000	

Performance obligations

We identified the following performance obligations for which revenue is recognized as the respective performance obligations are satisfied, which results in recognizing the amount we expect to be entitled to for providing the goods or services:

- Cancelable room reservations or ancillary services are typically satisfied as the good or service is transferred to the hotel guest, which is generally when the room stay occurs.
- Non-cancelable room reservations and banquet or conference reservations represent a series of distinct goods or services provided over time and satisfied as each distinct good or service is provided, which is reflected by the duration of the room reservation.
- Other ancillary goods and services are purchased independently of the room reservation at standalone selling prices and are considered separate performance obligations, which are satisfied when the related good or service is provided to the hotel guest.
- Components of package reservations for which each component could be sold separately to other hotel guests are considered separate performance obligations and are satisfied as set forth above.

Hotel revenue primarily consists of hotel room rentals, revenue from accommodations sold in conjunction with other services (e.g., package reservations), food and beverage sales and other ancillary goods and services (e.g., parking). Revenue is recognized when rooms are occupied or goods and services have been delivered or rendered, respectively. Payment terms typically align with when the goods and services are provided. For package reservations, the transaction price is allocated to the performance obligations within the package based on the estimated standalone selling prices of each component.

We do not disclose the value of unsatisfied performance obligations for contracts with an expected length of one year or less. Due to the nature of our business, our revenue is not significantly impacted by refunds. Cash payments received in advance of guests staying at our hotel are refunded to hotel guests if the guest cancels within the specified time before any services are rendered. Refunds related to service are generally recognized as an adjustment to the transaction price at the time the hotel stay occurs or services are rendered.

Contract assets and liabilities

We do not have any material contract assets as of December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, other than trade and other receivables, net on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. Our receivables are primarily the result of contracts with customers, which are reduced by an allowance for doubtful accounts that reflects our estimate of amounts that will not be collected.

We record contract liabilities when cash payments are received or due in advance of guests staying at our hotel, which are presented within accounts payable and other liabilities on our consolidated balance sheets and had a balance of \$493,000 at July 1, 2022. During the six months ended December 31, 2022, the entire \$493,000 was recognized as revenue. Contract liabilities increased to \$1,828,000 as of December 31, 2022. The increase at December 31, 2022 was primarily driven by advance deposits received from customers for services to be performed after December 31, 2022. Contract liabilities at July 1, 2021 was \$161,000. During the six months ended December 31, 2021, the entire \$161,000 was recognized as revenues. Contract liabilities was \$445,000 as of December 31, 2021.

Contract costs

We consider sales commissions earned to be incremental costs of obtaining a contract with our customers. As a practical expedient, we expense these costs as incurred as our contracts with customers are less than one year.

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENT IN HOTEL, NET

Investment in hotel consisted of the following as of:

Danambar 21 2022	Cost			Accumulated	Net Book Value	
December 31, 2022	Cost		Depreciation		_	value
Land	\$	1,124,000	\$	-	\$	1,124,000
Finance lease ROU assets		1,805,000		(1,003,000)		802,000
Furniture and equipment		35,543,000		(29,107,000)		6,436,000
Building and improvements		56,274,000		(31,986,000)		24,288,000
Investment in Hotel, net	\$	94,746,000	\$	(62,096,000)	\$	32,650,000
			1	Accumulated		Net Book
June 30, 2022		Cost	-	Accumulated Depreciation		Net Book Value
June 30, 2022 Land	\$	Cost 1,124,000	-		\$	
,	\$				\$	Value
Land	\$	1,124,000		Depreciation	\$	Value 1,124,000
Land Finance lease ROU assets	\$	1,124,000 1,805,000		Depreciation - (922,000)	\$	1,124,000 883,000
Land Finance lease ROU assets Furniture and equipment	\$	1,124,000 1,805,000 32,860,000		(922,000) (28,567,000)	\$	Value 1,124,000 883,000 4,293,000

Finance lease ROU assets, furniture and equipment are stated at cost, depreciated on a straight-line basis over their useful lives ranging from 3 to 7 years and amortized over the life of the lease. Building and improvements are stated at cost, depreciated on a straight-line basis over their useful lives ranging from 15 to 39 years. Depreciation expense for the six months ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 are \$1,262,000 and \$1,043,000, respectively.

NOTE 5 - INVESTMENT IN MARKETABLE SECURITIES, NET

The Company's investment in marketable securities consists primarily of corporate equities. The Company has also periodically invested in income producing securities, which may include interests in real estate-based companies and REITs, where financial benefit could transfer to its shareholders through income and/or capital gain.

As of December 31, 2022, and June 30, 2022, all the Company's marketable securities are classified as trading securities. The change in the unrealized gains and losses on these investments are included in earnings. Trading securities are summarized as follows:

		Gross Unrealized	Gross Unrealized	Net Unrealized	Fair
Investment	Cost	Gain	Loss	Gain (Loss)	Value
As of December 31, 2022					
Corporate					
Equities	\$ 170,000	\$ 169,000	\$ (37,000)	\$ 132,000	\$ 302,000
As of June 30, 2022					
Corporate					
Equities	\$ 643,000	\$ 42,000	<u>\$ (144,000)</u>	\$ (102,000)	\$ 541,000

Net losses on marketable securities on the statement of operations is comprised of realized and unrealized gains (losses). Below is the composition of net gains (losses) on marketable securities for the three and six months ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively:

For the three months ended December 31,	 2022	 2021
Realized loss on marketable securities, net	\$ (37,000)	\$ (79,000)
Realized loss on marketable securities related to Comstock Mining	-	(2,016,000)
Unrealized gain on marketable securities, net	144,000	1,546,000
Unrealized gain on marketable securities related to Comstock Mining	-	137,000
Net gain (loss) on marketable securities	\$ 107,000	\$ (412,000)
For the six months ended December 31,	2022	2021
For the six months ended December 31, Realized loss on marketable securities, net	\$ 2022 (137,000)	\$ 2021 (84,000)
,	\$ 	\$
Realized loss on marketable securities, net	\$ 	\$ (84,000)

NOTE 6 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The carrying values of the Company's financial instruments not required to be carried at fair value on a recurring basis approximate fair value due to their short maturities (i.e., accounts receivable, other assets, accounts payable and other liabilities) or the nature and terms of the obligation (i.e., other notes payable and mortgage notes payable). The assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis are as follows:

As of	of December 31, 2022 Total - Level 1		une 30, 2022 otal - Level 1
Assets:			
Investment in marketable securities:			
REITs and real estate companies	\$	293,000	\$ 162,000
Communication services		-	355,000
Basic materials		9,000	18,000
Utilities		-	5,000
Technology		-	1,000
	\$	302,000	\$ 541,000

The fair values of investments in marketable securities are determined by the most recently traded price of each security at the balance sheet date.

NOTE 7 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported within the condensed consolidated balance sheets that sum to the total of the same such amounts shown in the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows:

As of	Decer	nber 31, 2022	June 30, 2022		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1.236,000	\$	2,662,000	
Restricted cash		4,784,000		6,226,000	
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash shown in the condensed					
consolidated statement of cash flows	<u>\$</u>	6,020,000	\$	8,888,000	

Restricted cash is comprised of amounts held by lenders for payment of real estate taxes, insurance, replacement and capital addition reserves for the Hotel.

NOTE 8 - SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates in two reportable segments, the operation of the hotel ("Hotel Operations") and the investment of its cash in marketable securities and other investments ("Investment Transactions"). These two operating segments, as presented in the consolidated financial statements, reflect how management internally reviews each segment's performance. Management also makes operational and strategic decisions based on this same information.

Information below represents reporting segments for the three and six months ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Operating income from Hotel operations consists of the operation of the hotel and operation of the garage. Loss from investment transactions consist of net investment gain (loss), dividend and interest income and trading and margin interest expense. The other segment consists of corporate general and administrative expenses and the income tax benefit for the entire Company.

As of and for the three months	Hotel	Inv	vestment			
ended December 31, 2022	Operations	Tra	nsactions	C	Corporate	Total
Revenues	\$ 9,892,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 9,892,000
Segment operating expenses	(8,726,000)		<u>-</u>		(517,000)	(9,243,000)
Segment income (loss)	1,166,000		-		(517,000)	649,000
Interest expense - mortgage	(1,655,000)		-		-	(1,655,000)
Interest expense - related party	(429,000)		-		-	(429,000)
Depreciation and amortization expense	(635,000)		-		-	(635,000)
Income from investments	-		32,000			32,000
Income tax benefit		_	-	_	718,000	718,000
Net (loss) income	\$ (1,553,000)	\$	32,000	\$	201,000	\$ (1,320,000)
Total assets	\$ 39,673,000	\$	302,000	\$	9,030,000	\$ 49,005,000
As of and for the three months	Hotel	Ins	vestment			
ended December 31, 2021	Operations		nsactions	(Corporate	Total
Revenues	\$ 6,348,000	\$	nsactions	\$	-	\$ 6,348,000
Segment operating expenses	(6,479,000)	Ψ	-	Ψ	(282,000)	(6,761,000)
Segment loss	(131,000)	_		_	(282,000)	(413,000)
Interest expense - mortgage	(1,654,000)		_		(202,000)	(1,654,000)
Interest expense - related party	(303,000)					(303,000)
Depreciation and amortization expense	(514,000)		-		_	(514,000)
Gain on extinguishment of debt	2,000,000					2,000,000
Loss from investments	-		(454,000)		-	(454,000)
Income tax benefit	-		-		378,000	378,000
Net (loss) income	\$ (602,000)	\$	(454,000)	\$	96,000	\$ (960,000)
Total assets	\$ 39,653,000	\$ 1	1,443,000	\$	9,370,000	\$ 50,466,000
As of and for the six months	Hotel	Inv	vestment			
ended December 31, 2022	Operations	Tra	nsactions		Corporate	Total
Revenues	Operations \$ 22,202,000	Tra:	nsactions -	\$	Corporate -	Total \$ 22,202,000
		_			(826,000)	
Revenues	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000	_	-		-	\$ 22,202,000
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000)	_	-		(826,000)	\$ 22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000)
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000) (859,000)	_	- - -		(826,000)	\$ 22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000)
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000)	_	- - - - -		(826,000)	\$22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000)
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Income from investments	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000) (859,000)	_	- - -		(826,000) (826,000)	\$22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) 14,000
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Income from investments Income tax benefit	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000)	\$	- - - - - 14,000	\$	(826,000) (826,000) - - - 721,000	\$ 22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) 14,000 721,000
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Income from investments Income tax benefit Net income (loss)	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000)	\$	14,000	\$	(826,000) (826,000) - - - 721,000 (105,000)	\$22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) 14,000 721,000 \$ (1,329,000)
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Income from investments Income tax benefit	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000)	\$	- - - - - 14,000	\$	(826,000) (826,000) - - - 721,000	\$22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) 14,000 721,000
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Income from investments Income tax benefit Net income (loss)	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000)	\$ \$ \$	14,000	\$	(826,000) (826,000) - - - 721,000 (105,000)	\$22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) 14,000 721,000 \$ (1,329,000)
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Income from investments Income tax benefit Net income (loss) Total assets	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) \$ (1,238,000) \$ 39,673,000	\$ \$ \$ Inv	14,000 - 14,000 302,000	\$ \$ \$	(826,000) (826,000) - - - 721,000 (105,000)	\$22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) 14,000 721,000 \$ (1,329,000)
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Income from investments Income tax benefit Net income (loss) Total assets As of and for the six months	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) \$ (1,238,000) \$ 39,673,000 Hotel Operations	\$ \$ \$ Inv	14,000 14,000 302,000	\$ \$ \$	721,000 (105,000) 9,030,000	\$ 22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) 14,000 721,000 \$ (1,329,000) \$ 49,005,000
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Income from investments Income tax benefit Net income (loss) Total assets As of and for the six months ended December 31, 2021 Revenues	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) \$ (1,238,000) \$ 39,673,000 Hotel Operations \$ 13,153,000	\$ \$ Inv	14,000 14,000 302,000	\$ \$ \$	721,000 (105,000) 9,030,000	\$ 22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) 14,000 721,000 \$ (1,329,000) \$ 49,005,000
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Income from investments Income tax benefit Net income (loss) Total assets As of and for the six months ended December 31, 2021 Revenues Segment operating expenses	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) \$ (1,238,000) \$ 39,673,000 Hotel Operations \$ 13,153,000 (12,812,000)	\$ \$ \$ Inv	14,000 14,000 302,000	\$ \$ \$	721,000 (105,000) 9,030,000	\$ 22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) 14,000 721,000 \$ (1,329,000) \$ 49,005,000 Total \$ 13,153,000 (13,422,000)
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Income from investments Income tax benefit Net income (loss) Total assets As of and for the six months ended December 31, 2021 Revenues	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) \$ (1,238,000) \$ 39,673,000 Hotel Operations \$ 13,153,000	\$ \$ \$ Inv	14,000 14,000 302,000	\$ \$ \$	721,000 (105,000) 9,030,000	\$22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) 14,000 721,000 \$ (1,329,000) \$49,005,000 Total \$13,153,000
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Income from investments Income tax benefit Net income (loss) Total assets As of and for the six months ended December 31, 2021 Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss)	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) \$ (1,238,000) \$ 39,673,000 Hotel Operations \$ 13,153,000 (12,812,000) 341,000	\$ \$ \$ Inv	14,000 14,000 302,000	\$ \$ \$	721,000 (105,000) 9,030,000	\$22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) 14,000 721,000 \$ (1,329,000) \$49,005,000 Total \$13,153,000 (13,422,000) (269,000)
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Income from investments Income tax benefit Net income (loss) Total assets As of and for the six months ended December 31, 2021 Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) \$ (1,238,000) \$ 39,673,000 Hotel Operations \$ 13,153,000 (12,812,000) 341,000 (3,315,000)	\$ \$ \$ Inv	14,000 14,000 302,000	\$ \$ \$	721,000 (105,000) 9,030,000	\$22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) 14,000 721,000 \$ (1,329,000) \$49,005,000 Total \$13,153,000 (13,422,000) (269,000) (3,315,000)
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Income from investments Income tax benefit Net income (loss) Total assets As of and for the six months ended December 31, 2021 Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Gain on extinguishment of debt	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) \$ (1,238,000) \$ 39,673,000 Hotel Operations \$ 13,153,000 (12,812,000) 341,000 (3,315,000) (540,000)	\$ \$ \$ Inv	14,000 14,000 302,000 vestment nsactions	\$ \$ \$	721,000 (105,000) 9,030,000	\$22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) 14,000 \$21,000 \$(1,329,000) \$49,005,000 Total \$13,153,000 (13,422,000) (269,000) (3,315,000) (540,000)
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Income from investments Income tax benefit Net income (loss) Total assets As of and for the six months ended December 31, 2021 Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Gain on extinguishment of debt Loss from investments	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) \$ (1,262,000) \$ 39,673,000 Hotel Operations \$ 13,153,000 (12,812,000) 341,000 (3,315,000) (540,000) (1,043,000)	\$ \$ \$ Inv	14,000 14,000 302,000	\$ \$ \$	(826,000) (826,000) (826,000) 	\$22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) 14,000 \$(1,329,000) \$49,005,000 (13,422,000) (269,000) (3,315,000) (540,000) (1,043,000) 2,000,000 (921,000)
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Income from investments Income tax benefit Net income (loss) Total assets As of and for the six months ended December 31, 2021 Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Gain on extinguishment of debt	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) \$ (1,238,000) \$ 39,673,000 Hotel Operations \$ 13,153,000 (12,812,000) 341,000 (3,315,000) (540,000) (1,043,000) 2,000,000	\$ \$ \$ Inv	14,000 14,000 302,000 vestment nsactions	\$ \$ \$	721,000 (105,000) 9,030,000	\$22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) 14,000 \$(1,329,000) \$49,005,000 (13,422,000) (269,000) (3,315,000) (540,000) (1,043,000) 2,000,000
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Income from investments Income tax benefit Net income (loss) Total assets As of and for the six months ended December 31, 2021 Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Gain on extinguishment of debt Loss from investments	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) \$ (1,262,000) \$ 39,673,000 Hotel Operations \$ 13,153,000 (12,812,000) 341,000 (3,315,000) (540,000) (1,043,000)	\$ \$ \$ Inv	14,000 14,000 302,000 vestment nsactions	\$ \$ \$	(826,000) (826,000) (826,000) 	\$22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) 14,000 \$(1,329,000) \$49,005,000 (13,422,000) (269,000) (3,315,000) (540,000) (1,043,000) 2,000,000 (921,000)
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Income from investments Income tax benefit Net income (loss) Total assets As of and for the six months ended December 31, 2021 Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Gain on extinguishment of debt Loss from investments Income tax benefit	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) \$ (1,238,000) \$ 39,673,000 Hotel Operations \$ 13,153,000 (12,812,000) 341,000 (3,315,000) (540,000) (1,043,000) 2,000,000	\$	14,000 14,000 302,000 vestment nsactions	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	(826,000) (826,000) (826,000) 	\$22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) 14,000 \$(1,329,000) \$49,005,000 (13,422,000) (269,000) (3,315,000) (540,000) (1,043,000) 2,000,000 (921,000) 1,153,000
Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Income from investments Income tax benefit Net income (loss) Total assets As of and for the six months ended December 31, 2021 Revenues Segment operating expenses Segment income (loss) Interest expense - mortgage Interest expense - related party Depreciation and amortization expense Gain on extinguishment of debt Loss from investments Income tax benefit Net (loss) income	\$ 22,202,000 (18,032,000) 4,170,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) \$ (1,262,000) \$ 39,673,000 Hotel Operations \$ 13,153,000 (12,812,000) (3,315,000) (540,000) (1,043,000) 2,000,000	\$	14,000 14,000 302,000 vestment nsactions (921,000) (921,000) 1,443,000	\$ \$ \$	(826,000) (826,000) (826,000) 	\$22,202,000 (18,858,000) 3,344,000 (3,287,000) (859,000) (1,262,000) 14,000 \$21,000 \$49,005,000 (13,422,000) (269,000) (3,315,000) (540,000) (1,043,000) 2,000,000 (921,000) \$(2,935,000)

NOTE 9 - RELATED PARTY AND OTHER FINANCING TRANSACTIONS

The following summarizes the balances of related party and other notes payable as of December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively:

As of	Dece	mber 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Note payable - InterGroup	\$	14,200,000	\$ 14,200,000
Note payable - Hilton		2,217,000	2,375,000
Note payable - Aimbridge		1,021,000	 1,146,000
Total related party notes payable	\$	17,438,000	\$ 17,721,000

On December 16, 2020, Justice and InterGroup entered into a loan modification agreement which increased Justice's borrowing from InterGroup as needed up to \$10,000,000 and extended the maturity date of the loan to July 31, 2021. As of the date of this report, the maturity date was extended to July 31, 2023. On September 7, 2021, the Board of InterGroup passed resolution to provide funding to Portsmouth for the working capital of the Hotel up to \$16,000,000 if necessary. Upon the dissolution of Justice in December 2021, Portsmouth assumed Justice's note payable to InterGroup in the amount of \$11,350,000. On December 31, 2021, Portsmouth and InterGroup entered into a loan modification agreement which memorialized the increase to \$16,000,000 and the substitution of Portsmouth for Justice. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, InterGroup advanced \$7,550,000 to the Hotel, bringing the total amount due to InterGroup to \$14,200,000 as of June30, 2022 and December 31, 2022. Currently, the Company does not anticipate any need for additional funding from InterGroup. As of December 31, 2022, the Company has not made any pay-downs to its note payable to InterGroup. The Company could amend its by-laws and increase the number of authorized shares to issue additional shares to raise capital in the public markets if needed.

Note payable to Hilton (Franchisor) is a self-exhausting, interest free development incentive note which is reduced by approximately \$317,000 annually through 2030 by Hilton if the Partnership is still a Franchisee with Hilton.

On February 1, 2017, Operating entered into an HMA with Ambridge to manage the Hotel with an effective takeover date of February 3, 2017. The term of the management agreement is for an initial period of 10 years commencing on the takeover date and automatically renews for an additional year not to exceed five years in aggregate subject to certain conditions. The HMA also provides for Ambridge to advance a key money incentive fee to the Hotel for capital improvements in the amount of \$2,000,000 under certain terms and conditions described in a separate key money agreement. The key money contribution shall be amortized in equal monthly amounts over an eight (8) year period commencing on the second anniversary of the takeover date. During the first quarter of fiscal year 2021, the Hotel obtained approval from Ambridge to use the key money for hotel operations and the funds were exhausted by December 31, 2020. The unamortized portion of \$1,021,000 and \$1,146,000 of the key money is included in the related party notes payable in the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

Future minimum principal payments for all related party and other financing transactions are as follows:

For	the	year	ending	June	30,

	2023	\$	283,000
	2024		14,767,000
	2025		567,000
	2026		567,000
	2027		463,000
Γ	hereafter		791,000
		\$	17,438,000

As of December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the Company had accounts payable to related party of \$5,409,000 and \$4,908,000, respectively. These are amounts due to InterGroup and represent accrued interests and certain shared costs and expenses, primarily general and administrative expenses, rent, insurance, and other expenses.

To fund the redemption of limited partnership interests and to repay the prior mortgage of \$42,940,000, Justice obtained a \$97,000,000 mortgage loan and a \$20,000,000 mezzanine loan in December 2013. The 10-year mortgage loan is secured by the Company's principal asset, the Hotel. The mortgage loan bears an interest rate of 5.275% per annum with interest only payments due through January 2017. Beginning in February 2017, the loan began to amortize over a thirty-year period through its maturity date of January 2024. Outstanding principal balance on the loan was \$88,135,000 and \$89,114,000 as of December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively. As additional security for the mortgage loan, there is a limited guaranty executed by Portsmouth in favor of the mortgage lender. The mezzanine loan is secured by the Operating membership interest held by Mezzanine and is subordinated to the Mortgage Loan. The mezzanine interest only loan had an interest rate of 9.75% per annum and a maturity date of January 1, 2024. As additional security for the mezzanine loan, there is a limited guaranty executed by Portsmouth in favor of the mezzanine lender. On July 31, 2019, Mezzanine refinanced the mezzanine loan by entering into a new mezzanine loan agreement ("New Mezzanine Loan Agreement") with Cred Reit Holdco LLC in the amount of \$20,000,000. The prior Mezzanine Loan which had a 9.75% per annum interest rate was paid off. Interest rate on the new mezzanine loan is 7.25% and the loan matures on January 1, 2024. Interest only payments are due monthly.

Effective May 11, 2017, InterGroup agreed to become an additional guarantor under the limited guaranty and an additional indemnitor under the environmental indemnity for Justice Investors limited partnership's \$97,000,000 mortgage loan and the \$20,000,000 mezzanine loan. Pursuant to the agreement, InterGroup is required to maintain certain net worth and liquidity. As of December 31, 2022, InterGroup is in compliance with both requirements. However, due to the Hotel's ongoing recovery from the negative impact of Covid19 in the Hotel's cash flow, Operating has not been meeting certain of its loan covenants such as the Debt Service Coverage Ratio ("DSCR") which would trigger the creation of a lockbox by the Lender for all cash collected by the Hotel. However, such lockbox has been created and utilized from the loan inception and will be in place up to loan maturity regardless of the DSCR.

The Company's Board of Directors is currently comprised of directors John V. Winfield, William J. Nance, John C. Love, and Steve Grunwald. Director Jerold R. Babin, 90, passed away in October 2022 and was replaced by Yvonne Murphy. All the Company's directors also serve as directors of InterGroup. The Company's director and Chairman of the Audit Committee, William J. Nance, serves as Comstock's director and Chairman of the Audit and Finance, Compensation and Nominating and Governance Committees of Comstock.

John V. Winfield serves as Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Company and InterGroup. Effective June 2016, Mr. Winfield became the Managing Director of Justice until its dissolution in December 2021. Depending on certain market conditions and various risk factors, the Chief Executive Officer and InterGroup may, at times, invest in the same companies in which the Company invests. The Company encourages such investments because it places personal resources of the Chief Executive Officer and the resources of InterGroup, at risk in connection with investment decisions made on behalf of the Company.

On May 24, 2021, John V. Winfield resigned effective immediately as the Company's President and the Company's Board of Directors elected David C. Gonzalez as the Company's new President, effective as of May 24, 2021. Mr. Gonzalez serves as Vice President Real Estate of InterGroup and is an advisor of the Executive Strategic Real Estate and Securities Investment Committee of InterGroup and Portsmouth.

NOTE 10 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES

The following summarizes the balances of accounts payable and other liabilities as of December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

As of	Dece	mber 31, 2022		June 30, 2022
Trade payable	\$	2,731,000	\$	2,841,000
1 2	φ		Φ	, ,
Advance deposits		1,869,000		493,000
Payroll and related accruals		2,334,000		2,223,000
Management fees payable		1,030,000		76,000
Mortgage interest payable		-		513,000
Withholding and other taxes payable		956,000		920,000
Security deposit		52,000		52,000
Finance leases		77,000		183,000
Other payables		980,000		1,424,000
Total accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	10,029,000	\$	8,725,000

NOTE 11 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluated subsequent events through the date that the accompanying financial statements were issued and has determined that no material subsequent events exist through the date of this filing.

Item 2 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND PROJECTIONS

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended ("Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act"). Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements related to our expectations regarding the performance of our business, our financial results, our liquidity and capital resources, the impact to our business and financial condition, and measures being taken in response to the novel strain of coronavirus and the disease it causes ("COVID-19"), the effects of competition and the effects of future legislation or regulations and other non-historical statements. Forward-looking statements include all statements that are not historical facts, and in some cases, can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as the words "outlook," "believes," "expects," "potential," "continues," "may," "will," "should," "could," "seeks," "projects," "predicts," "intends," "plans," "estimates," "anticipates" or the negative version of these words or other comparable words. You should not rely on forward-looking statements since they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which are, in some cases, beyond our control and which could materially affect our results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, performance or future achievements or events.

Such statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the following: national and worldwide economic conditions, including the impact of recessionary conditions on tourism, travel and the lodging industry; the impact of terrorism and war on the national and international economies, including tourism, securities markets, energy and fuel costs; natural disasters; general economic conditions and competition in the hotel industry in the San Francisco area; seasonality, labor relations and labor disruptions; actual and threatened pandemics such as swine flu or the outbreak of COVID-19 or similar outbreaks; the ability to obtain financing at favorable interest rates and terms; securities markets, regulatory factors, litigation and other factors discussed below in this Report and in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. These risks and uncertainties could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as to the date hereof. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly release the results of any revisions to those forward-looking statements, which may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

COVID19 UPDATE

The novel strain of coronavirus and the disease it causes ("COVID-19") have continued to affect the hospitality industry and our business. Beginning in March 2020, travel restrictions and mandated closings of non-essential businesses were imposed, which resulted in temporary suspensions of operations in many hotels in San Francisco, however, the Company did not suspend operations and did not close the hotel. As vaccination rates across the country increased and COVID-19 related restrictions were eased or removed, we saw an increase in travel and hospitality spending beginning in the second calendar quarter of 2021. During calendar year 2022, we continued to witness robust leisure demand and an acceleration in group and business transient demand. However, the potential for an economic slowdown or a recession during calendar year 2023 may disrupt the positive momentum at the Company's hotel and our industry.

We believe the distribution of the COVID-19 vaccine during 2021 drove the improvement in traveler sentiment we experienced and resulted in an improvement in occupancy, Average Daily Rate ("ADR") and Revenue per Available Room ("RevPAR") during 2021 and 2022. If additional virus variants emerge causing re-imposed widespread travel restrictions, the hospitality industry will be negatively affected. While there can be no assurances that the Company will not experience further fluctuations in hotel revenues or earnings due to the uncertainty of COVID-19 and other macroeconomic factors, such as inflation, increases in interest rates, potential economic slowdown or a recession and geopolitical conflicts, we expect to continue to recover through the remainder of fiscal year 2023 based on current demand trends.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Company's principal source of revenue continues to be derived from its ownership in Justice Operating Company, LLC ("Operating") inclusive of hotel room revenue, food and beverage revenue, garage revenue, and revenue from other operating departments. Operating owns the Hotel and related facilities, including a five-level underground parking garage. The financial statements of Operating have been consolidated with those of the Company.

Three Months Ended December 31, 2022 Compared to Three Months Ended December 31, 2021

The Company had net loss of \$1,320,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2022 compared to net loss of \$960,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2021.

Hotel Operations

The Company had net loss from Hotel operations of \$1,553,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2022 compared to net loss of \$602,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2021. The increased loss is primarily attributable to the \$2,000,000 gain on extinguishment of debt recorded during the three months ended December 31, 2021 related to the full forgiveness of the PPP loan, offset by improved hotel operations during the three months ended December 31, 2022 as the hospitality market continues its recovery.

The following table sets forth a more detailed presentation of Hotel operations for the three months ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

For the three months ended December 31,	2022		 2021
Hotel revenues:			
Hotel rooms	\$	8,250,000	\$ 5,218,000
Food and beverage		625,000	296,000
Garage		717,000	768,000
Other operating departments		300,000	 66,000
Total hotel revenues		9,892,000	6,348,000
Operating expenses excluding depreciation and amortization		(8,726,000)	 (6,479,000)
Operating income (loss) before interest, depreciation and amortization		1,166,000	 (131,000)
Gain on extinguishment of debt		-	2,000,000
Interest expense - mortgages		(1,655,000)	(1,654,000)
Interest expense - related party		(429,000)	(303,000)
Depreciation and amortization expense		(635,000)	 (514,000)
Net loss from Hotel operations	\$	(1,553,000)	\$ (602,000)

For the three months ended December 31, 2022, the Hotel had operating income of \$1,166,000 before interest expense, depreciation, and amortization on total operating revenues of \$9,892,000 compared to operating loss of \$131,000 before interest expense, depreciation, and amortization on total operating revenues of \$6,348,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2021.

For the three months ended December 31, 2022, room revenues increased by \$3,032,000, food and beverage revenue increased by \$329,000 and garage decreased by \$51,000 compared to the three months ended December 31, 2021. The year over year increase in all the revenue sources, except for garage revenues which remained stable, are as a result of the recovery from the business interruption attributable to a variety of responses by federal, state, and local civil authority to the COVID-19 outbreak since March 2020. Total operating expenses increased by \$2,247,000 due to increase in salaries and wages, commission, credit card fees, management fees, and franchise fees.

The following table sets forth the average daily room rate, average occupancy percentage and RevPAR of the Hotel for the three months ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

Three Months Ended	Ave	rage Daily	Average	
December 31,		Rate	Occupancy %	RevPAR
2022	\$	199	82%	\$ 164
2021	\$	138	75%	\$ 104

The Hotel's revenues increased by 56% this quarter as compared to the previous comparable quarter. Average daily rate increased by \$61, average occupancy increased by 7%, and RevPAR increased by \$60 for the three months ended December 31, 2022 compared to the three months ended December 31, 2021.

Investment Transactions

The Company had a net gain on marketable securities of \$107,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2022 compared to a net loss on marketable securities of \$412,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2021. For the three months ended December 31, 2022, the Company had a net realized loss of \$37,000 and a net unrealized gain of \$144,000. For the three months ended December 31, 2021, the Company had a net realized loss of \$2,095,000 and a net unrealized gain of \$1,683,000. Gains and losses on marketable securities may fluctuate significantly from period to period in the future and could have a significant impact on the Company's results of operations. However, the amount of gain or loss on marketable securities for any given period may have no predictive value and variations in amount from period to period may have no analytical value. For a more detailed description of the composition of the Company's marketable securities see the Marketable Securities section below.

The Company consolidated Justice ("Hotel") for financial reporting purposes and was not taxed on its non-controlling interest in the Hotel. However, effective July 15, 2021, the Company become the owner of 100% of Justice and will include all the Hotel's income and expense accounts into its income taxes calculations going forward. The income tax benefit during the three months ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 represent the income tax effect on the Company's pretax loss which includes the operations of the Hotel.

Six Months Ended December 31, 2022 Compared to Six Months Ended December 31, 2021

The Company had net loss of \$1,329,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2022 compared to net loss of \$2,935,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2021. The change is primarily attributable to the increase in Hotel revenue.

Hotel Operations

The Company had net loss from Hotel operations of \$1,238,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2022 compared to net loss of \$2,557,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2021. The decrease in loss is primarily attributed to the increased revenues as the hospitality market continues to recover, offset by the gain on extinguishment of debt regarding the full forgiveness of the PPP loan recorded during the period ended December 31, 2021.

The following table sets forth a more detailed presentation of Hotel operations for the six months ended

December 31, 2022 and 2021:

For the six months ended December 31,		2022		2021
Hotel revenues:				
Hotel rooms	\$	19,053,000	\$	10,780,000
Food and beverage		1,160,000		562,000
Garage		1,539,000		1,675,000
Other operating departments		450,000		136,000
Total hotel revenues	'	22,202,000		13,153,000
Operating expenses excluding depreciation and amortization		(18,032,000)		(12,812,000)
Operating income before interest, depreciation and amortization		4,170,000		341,000
Gain on extinguishment of debt		-		2,000,000
Interest expense - mortgages		(3,287,000)		(3,315,000)
Interest expense - related party		(859,000)		(540,000)
Depreciation and amortization expense		(1,262,000)		(1,043,000)
Net loss from Hotel operations	\$	(1,238,000)	\$	(2,557,000)

For the six months ended December 31, 2022, the Hotel had operating income of \$4,170,000 before interest expense, depreciation, and amortization on total operating revenues of \$22,202,000 compared to operating income of \$341,000 before interest expense, gain on extinguishment of debt, depreciation, and amortization on total operating revenues of \$13,153,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2021. For the six months ended December 31, 2022, room revenues increased by \$8,273,000, food and beverage revenue increased by \$598,000, and garage revenue decreased by \$136,000, compared to the six months ended December 31, 2021. The year over year increase in all the revenue sources, except for garage revenue, are as a result of the recovery from the business interruption attributable to a variety of responses by federal, state, and local civil authority to the COVID-19 outbreak since March 2020. Total operating expenses increased by \$5,220,000 due to increase in salaries and wages, rooms commission, credit card fees, management fees, and franchise fees.

The following table sets forth the average daily room rate, average occupancy percentage and RevPAR of the Hotel for the six months ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Six Months Ended	Ave	rage Daily	Average	
December 31,		Rate	Occupancy %	 RevPAR
2022	\$	215	88%	\$ 190
2021	\$	139	77%	\$ 107

The Hotel's revenues increased by 69% for the six months ended December 31, 2022 as compared to the six months ended December 31, 2021. Average daily rate increased by \$76, average occupancy increased by 11%, and RevPAR increased by \$83 for the six months ended December 31, 2022 compared to the six months ended December 31, 2021.

Investment Transactions

The Company had a net gain on marketable securities of \$97,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2022 compared to a net loss on marketable securities of \$857,000 for the six months ended December 31, 2021. For the six months ended December 31, 2022, the Company had a net realized loss of \$137,000 and a net unrealized gain of \$234,000. For the six months ended December 31, 2021, the Company had a net realized loss of \$2,140,000 and a net unrealized gain of \$1,283,000. Gains and losses on marketable securities may fluctuate significantly from period to period in the future and could have a significant impact on the Company's results of operations. However, the amount of gain or loss on marketable securities for any given period may have no predictive value and variations in amount from period to period may have no analytical value. For a more detailed description of the composition of the Company's marketable securities see the Marketable Securities section below.

The Company consolidated Justice ("Hotel") for financial reporting purposes and was not taxed on its non-controlling interest in the Hotel. However, effective July 15, 2021, the Company become the owner of 100% of Justice and will include all the Hotel's income and expense accounts into its income taxes calculations going forward. The income tax benefit during the six months ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 represent the income tax effect on the Company's pretax loss which includes the operations of the Hotel.

MARKETABLE SECURITIES

The following table shows the composition of the Company's marketable securities portfolio as of December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022 by selected industry groups.

As of December 31, 2022 Industry Group	Fa	air Value	% of Total Investment Securities	
7 1				
REITs and real estate companies	\$	293,000	97.0%	
Basic materials		9,000	3.0%	
	\$	302,000	100.0%	
As of June 30, 2022 Industry Group	Fair Value		% of Total Investment Securities	
Communication services	\$	355,000	65.6%	
REITs and real estate companies		162,000	29.9%	
Basic materials		18,000	3.3%	
Utilities		5,000	0.9%	
Technology		1,000	0.3%	
	\$	541,000	100.0%	

As of December 31, 2022, the Company's investment portfolio includes three equity positions. The Company holds one equity security that is more than 10% of the equity value of the portfolio. The largest security position represents 96.8% of the portfolio and consists of the common stock of American Realty Investors, Inc. (NYSE: ARL) and is included in REITS and real estate companies industry group.

As of June 30, 2022, the Company held five different equity positions in its investment portfolio. The Company held two equity securities that comprised more than 10% of the equity value of the portfolio. The largest security position represents 66% of the portfolio and consists of the common stock of Paramount Global - Preferred Stock (NASDAQ: PARAP), which is included in the communication services industry group.

The following table shows the net gain (loss) on the Company's marketable securities and the associated margin interest and trading expenses for the respective periods:

For the three months ended December 31,	2022		2021	
Net gain (loss) on marketable securities	\$	107,000	\$	(412,000)
Impairment loss on other investments		-		(20,000)
Dividend and interest income		6,000		30,000
Margin interest expense		(1,000)		(12,000)
Trading and management expenses		(80,000)		(40,000)
	\$	32,000	\$	(454,000)
		-		_

For the six months ended December 31,	 2022		2021	
Net gain (loss) on marketable securities	\$ 97,000	\$	(857,000)	
Impairment loss on other investments	-		(20,000)	
Dividend and interest income	32,000		64,000	
Margin interest expense	(1,000)		(28,000)	
Trading and management expenses	 (114,000)		(80,000)	
	\$ 14,000	\$	(921,000)	

FINANCIAL CONDITION AND LIQUIDITY

The Company had cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash of \$6,020,000 and \$8,888,000 as of December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively. The Company had marketable securities, net of margin due to securities brokers, of \$302,000 and \$411,000 as of December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively. These marketable securities are short-term investments and liquid in nature.

On December 16, 2020, Justice and InterGroup entered into a loan modification agreement which increased Justice's borrowing from InterGroup as needed up to \$10,000,000 and extended the maturity date of the loan to July 31, 2021. As of the date of this report, the maturity date was extended to July 31, 2023. On September 7, 2021, the Board of InterGroup passed resolution to provide funding to Portsmouth for the working capital of the Hotel up to \$16,000,000 if necessary. Upon the dissolution of Justice in December 2021, Portsmouth assumed Justice's note payable to InterGroup in the amount of \$11,350,000. On December 31, 2021, Portsmouth and InterGroup entered into a loan modification agreement which memorialized the increase to \$16,000,000 and the substitution of Portsmouth for Justice. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, InterGroup advanced \$7,550,000 to the Hotel, bringing the total amount due to InterGroup to \$14,200,000 as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2022. Currently, the Company does not anticipate any need for additional funding from InterGroup. As of December 31, 2022, the Company has not made any pay-downs to its note payable to InterGroup. The Company could amend its by-laws and increase the number of authorized shares to issue additional shares to raise capital in the public markets if needed.

Our known short-term liquidity requirements primarily consist of funds necessary to pay for operating and other expenditures, including management and franchise fees, corporate expenses, payroll and related costs, taxes, interest and principal payments on our outstanding indebtedness, and repairs and maintenance of the Hotel. Our long-term liquidity requirements primarily consist of funds necessary to pay for scheduled debt maturities and capital improvements of the Hotel. We will continue to finance our business activities primarily with existing cash, including from the activities described above, and cash generated from our operations. After considering our approach to liquidity and accessing our available sources of cash, we believe that our cash position will be adequate to meet anticipated requirements for operating and other expenditures, including corporate expenses, payroll and related benefits, taxes and compliance costs and other commitments, for at least twelve months from the date of issuance of these financial statements, even if current levels of occupancy and revenue per occupied room ("RevPAR", calculated by multiplying the hotel's average daily room rate by its occupancy percentage) were to persist. The objectives of our cash management policy are to maintain existing leverage levels and the availability of liquidity, while minimizing operational costs. However, there can be no guarantee that management will be successful with its plan.

MATERIAL CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The following table provides a summary as of December 31, 2022, the Company's material financial obligations which also including interest payments:

	Total	6 Months 2023	Year 2024	Year 2025	Year 2026	Year 2027	Thereafter
Mortgage notes payable	\$108,135,000	\$ 895,000	\$107,240,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Related party notes payable	17,438,000	283,000	14,767,000	567,000	567,000	463,000	791,000
Interest	7,114,000	3,905,000	3,209,000	-	-	-	-
Total	\$132,687,000	\$5,083,000	\$125,216,000	\$567,000	\$567,000	\$463,000	\$ 791,000
		22					

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has no material off balance sheet arrangements.

IMPACT OF INFLATION

Hotel room rates are typically impacted by supply and demand factors, not inflation, since rental of a hotel room is usually for a limited number of nights. Room rates can be, and usually are, adjusted to account for inflationary cost increases. Since Aimbridge has the power and ability under the terms of its management agreement to adjust Hotel room rates on an ongoing basis, there should be minimal impact on partnership revenues due to inflation. For the two most recent fiscal years, the impact of inflation on the Company's income is not viewed by management as material.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Critical accounting estimates are those that are most significant to the portrayal of our financial position and results of operations and require judgments by management in order to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts in our consolidated financial statements. We evaluate our estimates on an ongoing basis, including those related to the consolidation of our subsidiaries, to our revenues, allowances for bad debts, accruals, asset impairments, other investments, income taxes and commitments and contingencies. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities. The actual results may differ from these estimates or our estimates may be affected by different assumptions or conditions. There have been no material changes to the Company's critical accounting policies or methods or assumptions during the six months ended December 31, 2022.

INCOME TAXES

Judgment is required in addressing the future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in our consolidated financial statements or tax returns (e.g., realization of deferred tax assets, changes in tax laws, or interpretations thereof). In addition, we are subject to examination of our income tax returns by the IRS and other tax authorities. A change in the assessment of the outcomes of such matters could materially impact our consolidated financial statements. We evaluate tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return to determine whether they are more likely than not of being sustained, assuming that the tax reporting positions will be examined by taxing authorities with full knowledge of all relevant information, prior to recording the related tax benefit in our consolidated financial statements. If a position does not meet the more likely than not standard, the benefit cannot be recognized. Assumptions, judgment, and the use of estimates are required in determining if the "more likely than not" standard has been met when developing the provision for income taxes. A change in the assessment of the "more likely than not" standard with respect to a position could materially impact our consolidated financial statements. See Part II, Item 8, "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data — Note 13 to our Consolidated Financial Statements" on Form 10K for the year ended June 30, 2022.

DEFERRED INCOME TAXES - VALUATION ALLOWANCE

We assess the realizability of our deferred tax assets quarterly and recognize a valuation allowance when it is more likely than not that some or all of our deferred tax assets are not realizable. This assessment is completed by tax jurisdiction and relies on the weight of both positive and negative evidence available, with significant weight placed on recent financial results. Cumulative pre-tax losses for the three-year period are considered significant objective negative evidence that some or all of our deferred tax assets may not be realizable. Cumulative reported pre-tax income is considered objectively verifiable positive evidence of our ability to generate positive pre-tax income in the future. In accordance with GAAP, when there is a recent history of pre-tax losses, there is little or no weight placed on forecasts for purposes of assessing the recoverability of our deferred tax assets. When necessary, we use systematic and logical methods to estimate when deferred tax liabilities will reverse and generate taxable income and when deferred tax assets will reverse and generate tax deductions. Assumptions, judgment, and the use of estimates are required when scheduling the reversal of deferred tax assets and liabilities, and the exercise is inherently complex and subjective. However, significant judgment will be required to determine the timing and amount of any reversal of the valuation allowance in future periods. See Part II, Item 8, "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data — Note 13 to our Consolidated Financial Statements" on Form 10K for the year ended June 30, 2022.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT AND DEFINITE-LIVED INTANGIBLE ASSETS

We evaluate property and equipment, and definite-lived intangible assets for impairment quarterly, and when events or circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable, we evaluate the net book value of the assets by comparing to the projected undiscounted cash flows of the assets. We use judgment to determine whether indications of impairment exist and consider our knowledge of the hospitality industry, historical experience, location of the property, market conditions, and property-specific information available at the time of the assessment. The results of our analysis could vary from period to period depending on how our judgment is applied and the facts and circumstances available at the time of the analysis. When an indicator of impairment exists, judgment is also required in determining the assumptions and estimates to use within the recoverability analysis and when calculating the fair value of the asset or asset group, if applicable. Changes in economic and operating conditions impacting the judgments used could result in impairments to our long-lived assets in future periods. Historically, changes in estimates used in the property and equipment and definite-lived intangible assets impairment assessment process have not resulted in material impairment charges in subsequent periods as a result of changes made to those estimates. There were no impairment losses recorded during the six months ended December 31, 2022.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are a smaller reporting company and therefore, we are not required to provide information required by this Item of Form 10-Q.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

EVALUATION OF DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of

the quarterly period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based upon such evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of such period, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed in this filing is accumulated and communicated to management and is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms.

CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the last quarterly period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Portsmouth Square, Inc., through its operating company Justice Investors Operating Company, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Company"), is the owner of the real property located at 750 Kearny Street in San Francisco, currently improved with a 27 – story building which houses a Hilton Hotel (the "Property"). The Property was improved pursuant to approvals granted by the City and County of San Francisco (the "City") in 1970. Those approvals included a Major Encroachment Permit ("Permit") by which the Company was required by the City to construct an ornamental overhead pedestrian bridge across Kearny Street, connecting the Property to the City park and underground parking garage known as Portsmouth Square (the Bridge"). The construction of the Bridge was a condition of the City's approval of the construction of the hotel structure on the Property. Effective on May 24, 2022, the City has revoked the Permit and directed the Company to remove the Bridge at the Company's expense, including construction management costs and traffic control. Pursuant to a letter dated June 13, 2022, the City's Department of Public works specifically directed the "removal of the unpermitted pedestrian bridge and all related physical encroachments in the public right-of-way and on City property" and the submission of a general bridge removal and restoration plan (the "Plan"). The Company disputes the legality of the purported revocation of the Permit. The Company further disputes any obligation to remove the Bridge at its expense. In particular, representatives of the Company participated in meetings with the City since August 1, 2019, discussing a collaborative process for the possible removal of the Bridge. Until the recent revocation of the Permit in 2022, the City representatives repeatedly and consistently promised and agreed that the City will pay for the associated costs of any Bridge removal. Nevertheless, without waiving any rights, in an effort to understand all of the available options, and to provide a response to the City's directives, the Company has engaged a Project Manager, a structural engineering firm, an architect to advise on the process and for the development of a Plan for the Bridge removal, as well as the reconstruction of the front of the Hilton Hotel and a legal team. The Plan is currently not expected to be completed until early in 2023. At this time, early estimates of the cost of the Plan exceed \$2 million. The Company is currently in discussions with the City regarding both the process and financial responsibility for the implementation of the Plan for the Bridge removal. Those discussions are expected to continue well into 2023.

The Company may be subject to legal proceedings, claims, and litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. The Company will defend itself vigorously against any such claims. Management does not believe that the impact of such matters will have a material effect on the financial conditions or result of operations when resolved.

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

As a smaller reporting company, we are not required to provide the information required by this Item.

Item 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

There have been no events that are required to be reported under this Item.

Item 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

There have been no events that are required to be reported under this Item.

Item 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

There have been no events that are required to be reported under this Item.

Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION

There have been no events that are required to be reported under this Item.

Item 6. EXHIBITS

- 31.1 Certification of Principal Executive Officer of Periodic Report Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a). 31.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer of Periodic Report Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a).
- 32.1 Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
- 32.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
- 101.INS Inline XBRL Instance Document
- 101.SCH Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
- 101.CAL Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
- 101.DEF Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
- 101.LAB Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
- 101.PRE Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase
- 104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

PORTSMOUTH SQUARE, INC.

(Registrant)

Date: February 9, 2023 by /s/John V. Winfield

John V. Winfield Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: February 9, 2023 by /s/ David C. Gonzalez

David C. Gonzalez President, Advisor of Executive Strategic Real Estate and Securities Investment Committee

(Interim Principal Financial Officer)

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CERTIFICATION

- I, John V. Winfield, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Portsmouth Square, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15(d)-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weakness in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 9, 2023

/s/ John V. Winfield

John V. Winfield Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION

- I, David Gonzalez, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Portsmouth Square, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15(d)-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weakness in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 9, 2023

/s/ David Gonzalez

David Gonzalez President

(Interim Principal Financial Officer)

Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act Of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Portsmouth Square, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, John V. Winfield, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of my knowledge, that:

- The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 5(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ John V. Winfield

John V. Winfield Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: February 9, 2023

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Portsmouth Square, Inc. and will be retained by Portsmouth Square, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act Of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Portsmouth Square, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, David Gonzalez, President of the Company, serving as its Interim Principal Financial Officer, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of my knowledge, that:

- The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 5(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ David Gonzalez

David Gonzalez President (Interim Principal Financial Officer)

Date: February 9, 2023

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Portsmouth Square, Inc. and will be retained by Portsmouth Square, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.